LET



BE HEARD

SOUTH CAROLINA STANDS UP AGAINST DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

To counter the culture of domestic violence in South Carolina, Governor Nikki Haley established the Domestic Violence Task Force to comprehensively address the cultural issues surrounding domestic violence in the State of South Carolina, including social, economic, and geographic issues as well as professional standards and best practices within government and non-government organizations.

For more information, visit: http//governor.sc.gov/Pages/ SC Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation (LLR)

> 110 Centerview Drive PO Box 11329 Columbia, SC 29211 (803) 896-4300

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Stanford University School of Medicine U.S. Dept of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention





Governor Nikki Haley and the SC Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation

IS IT HAPPENING TO YOU?

It's not your fault. It's against the law. It affects your health and your children.

You are not alone

People of all races, education levels, and ages experience domestic abuse. In the United States, more than 5 million women are abused by an intimate partner each year.

Nationally, **South Carolina** is ranked among the highest in Domestic Violence.

Domestic Violence is when one person in a relationship purposely hurts another person physically or emotionally. Domestic Violence is also called **Intimate Partner Violence** because current or former spouses, boyfriends or girlfriends, dating partners, or sexual partners often cause it. It can occur between heterosexual or same-sex couples and does not require sexual intimacy.

Domestic Violence includes:

- **Physical Abuse** like hitting, shoving, kicking, biting, or throwing things.
- Emotional Abuse like yelling, controlling what you do, or threatening to cause serious problems for you.
- Sexual Abuse like forcing you to do something sexual you don't want to do.
- **Stalking** like repeated, unwanted phone calls/texts, spying, or making physical threats.

WHAT SERVICES CAN HELP YOU?

Local agencies can offer:	Emergency 911
 support in deciding what to do 	 ask police to take pictures
 legal options 	• get name and badge # of officer
• counseling for you and children	 get police case #
 a safe place to go in an 	 you have a right to get a
emergency	restraining order

COMMUNITY RESOURCES AND HOTLINES—MID-CAROLINA Aiken County

Aiken County	
Cumbee Center to Assist Abused Persons (CAAP)	803-649-0480
Cherokee County	
SAFE Homes-Rape Crisis Coalition	800-273-5066
Chester County	
Palmetto Citizens Against Sexual Assault	888-790-8532
Safe Passage	800-659-0977
Fairfield County	
Palmetto Citizens Against Sexual Assault	888-790-8532
SisterCare	803-765-9428
<u>Kershaw County</u>	
SisterCare	803-765-9428
The Family Resource Center	800-585-4455
YWCA of the Upper Lowlands (statewide resource)	877-268-9922
Lancaster County	
Palmetto Citizens Against Sexual Assault	
Safe Passage	800-659-0977
Lexington County	
Sexual Trauma Services of the Midlands	
SisterCare	803-765-9428
Newberry County	
Sexual Trauma Services of the Midlands	800-491-7273
SisterCare	803-765-9428
Richland County	
Sexual Trauma Services of the Midlands	
SisterCare	
YWCA of the Upper Lowlands (statewide resource)	877-268-9922
Union County	
SAFE Homes-Rape Crisis Coalition	800-273-5066
Safe Passage	
York County	
Safe Passage	800-659-0977
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NATIONAL RESOURCES AND HOTLINES

National Domestic Violence Hotline	800-799-SAFE(7233)
National Sexual Assault	800-656-HOPE(4673)
National Teen Dating Abuse	
Domestic Abuse Helpline for Men and Wome	n888-743-5754

FIND A SHELTER

NCADVwww	w.domesticshelters.org
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HOW SAFE ARE YOU?

Plan now on where you can go if you don't feel safe.

If any of the following are true, your situation may be more dangerous.

- □ Has the violence been getting worse, more often, or scarier latelv?
- □ Has your partner ever choked you, or injured you while you were pregnant?
- Has your partner ever injured pets or someone outside the home?
- Does your partner have an alcohol or drug abuse problem?
- □ Is there a gun in the house?
- □ Are the children in danger?
- Does your partner know you are planning to leave?
- Has your partner threatened to kill you/him/herself?

IF YOU STAY

Increase safety at home

- □ Try to remove yourself and children before violence begins.
- ☐ You can ask police to remove a gun from your home.
- □ In an argument avoid rooms with no exits or possible weapons.
- Avoid wearing scarves and long necklaces at home.
- □ Put a phone in a room you can lock, and plan an escape route.
- □ Tell someone—choose a signal with neighbors to call police.

Increase safety for your children

- □ Teach them to call 911 and know their address and phone number.
- □ Make a code word for them to call 911.
- \square Plan and practice an escape route and a safe place to go.
- Teach them not to get in the middle of a fight.

IF YOU DECIDE TO LEAVE

Leaving is a time of high risk for injury or death.
Before you leave, call a hotline for advice on your plan.
You can ask police to protect you when you leave.
DON'T TELL YOUR PARTNER BEFORE YOU GO. www.thehotline.org www.womenslaw.org

Pack a bag and hide it, or give it to someone you trust Clothes, jewelry, money

- □ cash, change for pay phones, credit & ATM cards □ checkbook, bank account #s, pay stub
- keys (house, car, office, safety deposit box)
- □ phone, phone calling card, phone/address book
- medications, glasses, toiletries, diapers, pictures, keepsakes, toys, books

Make copies (if safe) or take important papers

- $\hfill\square$ birth certificates/passports/soc. sec./immigration/work permits
- driver's license/picture ID/marriage/divorce/custody papers
- □ titles/deeds/car registration/car and other insurance
- □ lease/rental papers/rent receipts
- □ health insurance cards/important medical records
- □ school records/immunization (shot) records
- □ evidence of abuse: journal/photos/police or medical reports/ROs
- \square photos of abuser to give to school, office security, etc.